

Nuclear liability: international cooperation issues

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Arsentiev S.V. Olbinskaya N.I.

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IAEA Safety Standards (NGSR Part 1 «Governmental, Legal and Regulatory Framework for Safety»)

Section «The global safety regime»

- ☐ <u>International cooperation</u> has its contribution to the development of a global safety regime;
- The government fulfills its retrospective international obligations, participating in the relevant international arrangements, including international peer reviews and promote <u>international cooperation</u> to enhance safety globally;
- ☐ The features of the global safety regime include:
 - ⇒International conventions that establish common obligations and mechanisms for ensuring protection and safety;
 - •
 - ⇒<u>Multilateral and bilateral</u> cooperation that enhances safety by means of harmonized approaches as well as increased quality and effectiveness of safety reviews and inspections.



Nuclear Energy Agency, OECD, Mission

4

To assist its member countries in maintaining and further developing, through <u>international</u> <u>cooperation</u>, the scientific, technological and legal bases required for a safe, environmentally friendly and economical use of nuclear energy for peaceful purposes



IAEA Action Plan on Nuclear Safety; INLEX Recommendations

- Strengthening of the international nuclear safety regime:
 - Join Conventions;
 - Increase efficiency of Conventions compliance;
- Global regime of nuclear responsibility establishment:
 - Join International tools;
 - Adoption of national laws;
 - Establishment of contractual relations



International nuclear safety regime

- Convention on nuclear safety
- ☐ Convention on early notification of a nuclear accident
- □ Joint Convention on the Safety of Spent Fuel Management and on the Safety of Radioactive Waste Management
- ☐ Convention on assistance in case of nuclear accident or radiological emergency situation



International conventions in the field of nuclear indemnity

- ⇒ Under the umbrella of Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development
 - Paris convention on nuclear third party liability, 1960.
 - Brussels supplementary convention, 1963.
 - Protocols amending Paris convention and Brussels supplementary convention, 2004. (not yet in force)
- ⇒ Under the umbrella of IAEA
 - Vienna convention on civil nuclear liability for nuclear damage, 1963.
 - Protocols amending Vienna convention on civil nuclear liability for nuclear damage, 1997.
 - Convention on supplemental compensation for nuclear damage, 1997. (not yet in force)
- ⇒ Joint Protocol relating to the Application of the Vienna Convention and Paris Convention, 1988.



Nuclear Liability (1)

- Principles of nuclear liability in international conventions:
 - Absolute and exclusive liability of a nuclear installation operator;
 - Liability limitation for the nuclear installation operator regarding compensation amount and time during which actions for damages can be submitted to the operator;
 - Mandatory financial provision of the operator responsibility (financial guarantee of compensation for nuclear damage);
 - Unity of jurisdiction and lack of discrimination.
- Specifics of nuclear damage:
 - Potential scope
 - Transboundary character
 - Probability of consequences development within long time period



- Specific character of civil liability regime (legal framework)
- Insurance as a mechanism of compensation for damage (financial instruments)



Nuclear Liability (2)

- ☐ Development of Paris, supplementary Brussels and Vienna conventions;
- ☐ Establishment of the global nuclear liability system;
- ☐ Provisions of Russian legal framework on compensation for nuclear damage



Nuclear Liability (3)

- Specifics of nuclear insurance»:
 - Small quantity of nuclear installations
 - Low probability of insurance case
 - Big amounts of indemnity for loss
 - Long time period during which insurers shall be under obligation for insurance payments
 - Does not allow commercial insurance companies to apply traditional approach
 - ! «Nuclear insurance» patterns:
 - International pooling system;
 - Mutual insurance societies;
 - «Captive» insurance companies;
 - «New» commercial insurance companies.



Practical activities

☐ Cooperation «Rosenergoatom - EDF»

☐ International insurance pools at Russian NPPs





THANKS FOR YOUR ATTENTION!